Funding public services: postcode lotteries or local responsibilities?

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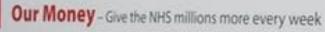




#IFStalks

#esrcfestiva

Let's take back control



Our Economy - Create new jobs with new trade deals

Our Borders Our Security Our Taxes Vote Leave on 2 State on 2 Our Borders State on 2 State o

Postcode Lottery?

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"School funding in England a '**postcode lottery**"

BBC News

"The social care **postcode lottery** – how where you live could decide if you get NHS funding?"

The Telegraph

""Postcode lottery' revealed in NHS care"

The Guardian

"End of recycling postcode lottery as councils to be issued with national guidelines"

The Telegraph



Local control ('power')



Same provision ('consistency')



Local control ('power')







Local control ('power')

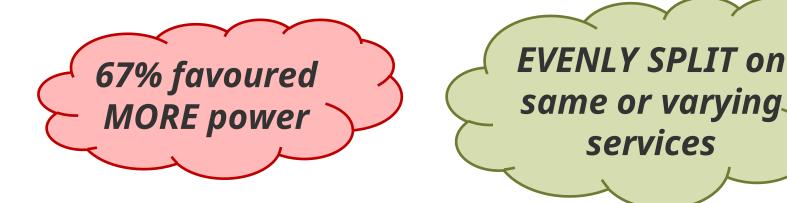
Same provision ('consistency')

'Devolution Paradox'

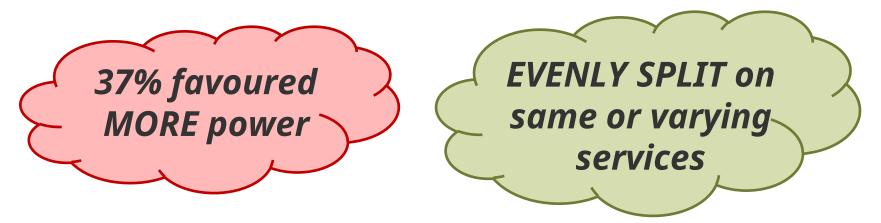
Should councils have more or less power to determine local public service priorities?

Should policy and provision of public services like schools, libraries and social care be the same across the country, or should councils decide?

Those asked about power first...



Those asked about consistency first...







- What are the **pros** and **cons** of devolving power and responsibility to local areas?
- How has our system balanced 'control' and 'consistency', and how is that changing?
- What **big choices** lie ahead for role of local government in public services and the taxes that fund them?



The pros and cons of local responsibility



Accountability

Responsiveness

Incentives

Coordination

Pros

Accountability



Responsiveness

Inconsistency

Incentives

Coordination

Inequality

Spillovers

Pros

Accountability

Control



Inconsistency

Inequality

Coordination

Spillovers





Responsiveness Control

Incentives



Coordination

Spillovers







How is our system of funding changing?







THE NEW NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE

Your new National Health Service begins on 5th July. What is it? How do you get it?

It will provide you with all medical, dental, and nursing care. Everyone—rich or poor, man, woman or child—can use it or any part of it. There are no charges, except for a few special items. There are no insurance qualifications. But it is not a "charity". You are all paying for it, mainly as taxpayers, and it will relieve your money worries in time of illness.

Local government responsibilities





















Limiting postcode lotteries...



- Councils set and collect **council tax**
 - Amount they could raise varied
- **Grant funding** from national government was designed to offset this variation, as well as variation in needs
- Aim: comparable services across councils if they set the same council tax rates

...but allowing some local control



- Fund higher or lower level of services by setting higher or lower council tax rates
- Councils **free to allocate** general funding as they see fit
 - Subject to rules on minimum range/standards of services councils must provide
- Aim: allow local **discretion** (but with limits!)



Funding as an incentive mechanism





Aim: stronger incentives for councils to boost local economy and tackle drivers of spending needs



Transport (inc. buses) Economic development

Housing delivery

Adult skills

Tackling long-term unemployment

Centralisation amid the devolution?





Ring-fenced funding

National funding formula for schools



New national standards and mandated services for social care

A changing solution to the paradox?





Stronger local incentives and more powers and responsibility for promoting local economic growth?



National government asserting more control over major public services like schools and social services?

A changing solution to the paradox?





Control



Consistency





What issues and choices lie ahead?

Three key questions:



1. What is the role of councils?

Beef up and roll out 'Devo-Manc'?

T Thursday

Three key questions:



1. What is the role of councils?

2. How much should the government redistribute between areas?

Local tax revenues vary a lot









Richmondupon-Thames

Solihull

Sandwell



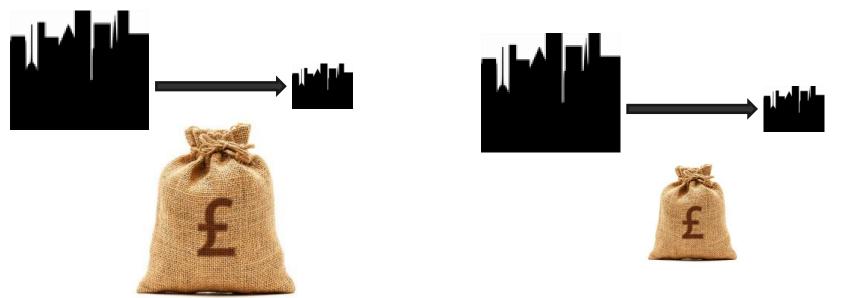
Westminster



Wolverhampton

How much redistribution?



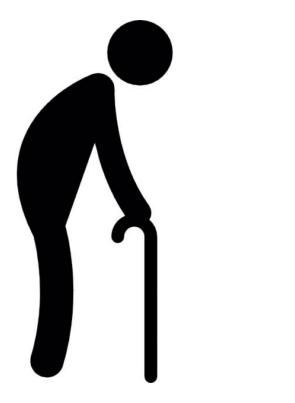


More likely different areas can afford same services

Stronger incentives to tackle needs and boost growth

Increase in percentage of the population aged 75 or over by 2035







Shropshire +7%

Birmingham +1.5% Coventry +1.5% **Three key questions:**



- 1. What is the role of councils?
- 2. How much should the government redistribute between areas?
- 3. Where should additional funding for councils come from in future?





No one "right answer"

Prioritise local control and incentives?

Prioritise equality and consistency?

How these are balanced appears to be shifting... is this shift the right approach?