





What should policy do about low earnings?

Chair: Ben Chu, The Independent

Sir Richard Blundell, IFS/UCL Tito Boeri, Bocconi and FRDB Hilary Hoynes, UC Berkeley Philippe Martin, Sciences Po and Chair, Council of Economic Advisors to the French Prime Minister Lindsey Whyte, HM Treasury

WiFi Network: One Great George Street









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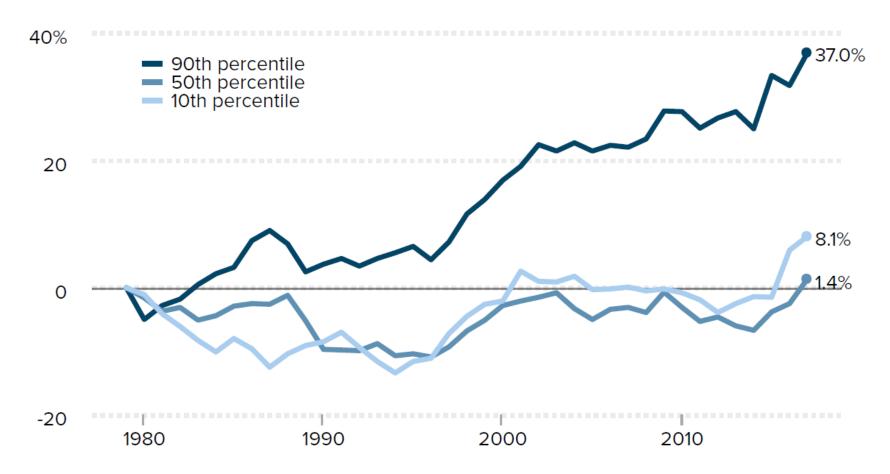
Challenges with respect to in-work poverty: The Case of the U.S.

Panel Discussion: What should policy do about low earnings?

Hilary Hoynes Professor of Economics and Public Policy Haas Distinguished Chair of Economic Disparities University of California Berkeley

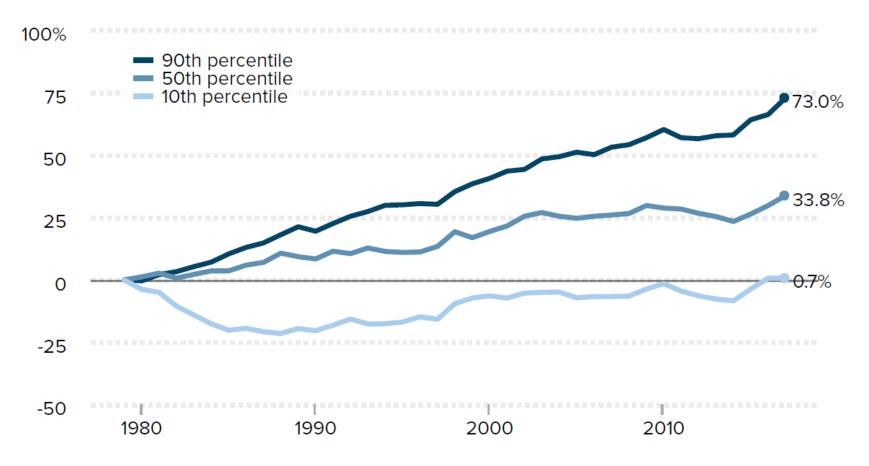


Cumulative percent change in inflation-adjusted hourly wages for men at the 10th, 50th, and 90th percentiles, 1979–2017



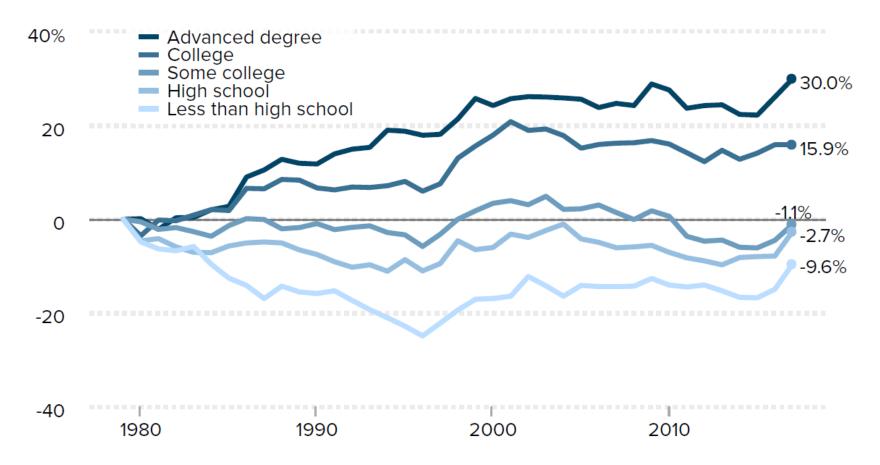
Source: EPI analysis of Current Population Survey Outgoing Rotation Group microdata

Cumulative percent change in inflation-adjusted hourly wages for women at the 10th, 50th, and 90th percentiles, 1979–2017



Source: EPI analysis of Current Population Survey Outgoing Rotation Group microdata

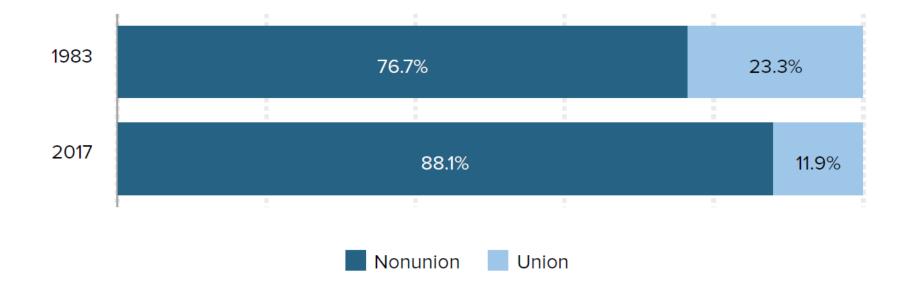
Cumulative percent change in inflation-adjusted median hourly wages for all workers by education level, **1979–2017**



Source: EPI analysis of Current Population Survey Outgoing Rotation Group microdata

- More technological change than trade
- Little effect of immigration
- Decline in worker bargaining power due to fall of unions and corporate concentration(monopsony)

Composition of U.S. workforce by union status, 1983 and 2017



Note: The year 1983 is the earliest year for which union status is available in the data. **Source:** EPI analysis of Current Population Survey Outgoing Rotation Group microdata



U.S. Policies – what is working



Minimum Wages: Federal minimum wage is low (\$7.25/hour) but many states and cities are setting higher minimum wages

Minimum wage			Subminimum wage for tipped workers							Maine
									Vt.	
Wash.	Idaho							N.Y.	R.I.	Mass
Ore.	Nev.								Conn.	
Calif.	Utah	Colo.	Neb.					Md.	Del.	
	Ariz.	N.M.						D.C.		
	Hawaii									

ritter states

13 states and D.C. have a minimum wage greater than or	
equal to \$10.00.	

Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Hawaii, Maine, Maryland,

States with MW>\$10/hour

Federal minimum

\$7.25

No specified minimum wage

\$13.25

wage applies

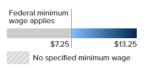
Minimum wage			Subminimum wage for tipped workers							
										N.H.
	Idaho		N.D.			Wis.				
		Wyo.		Iowa	Ind.		Pa.			
	Utah			Mo.	Ку.		Va.			
		N.M.	Kan.		Tenn.	N.C.	S.C.			
			Okla.	La.	Miss.	Ala.	Ga.			
			Texas							

Filter states

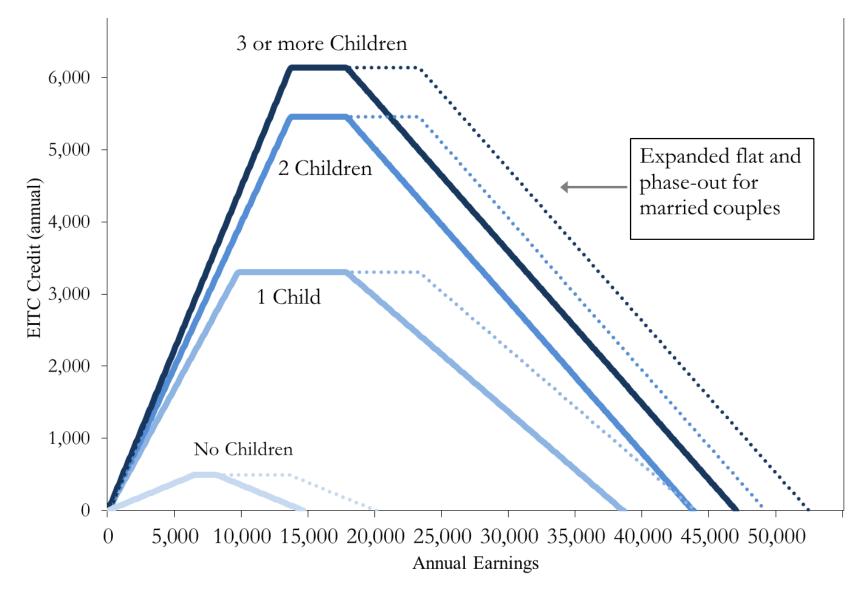
23 states have a minimum wage less than or equal to \$8.00.

Alabama, Georgia, Idaho, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana,

States with MW<\$8/hour



Earned Income Tax Credit increases income while encouraging work (though no real increase since 1996)

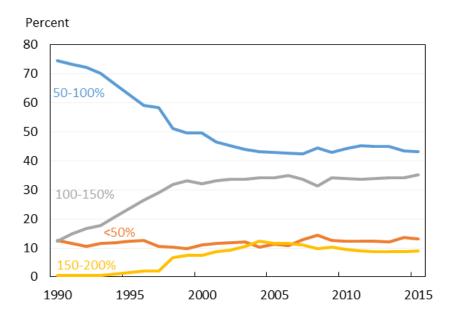


- BUT 2018 Tax Bill greatly expanded the Child Tax Credit
 - \$2,000 per child
 - Phase-out begins at \$200,000 (single) or \$400,000 (married)
 - Very large tax cost with almost no impact on inwork poverty

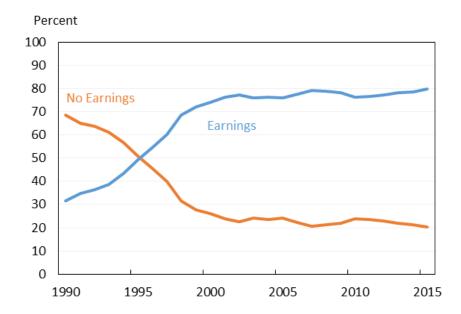


Post-1996 welfare reform, U.S. has little out of work assistance

Declining share of child based expenditures going to lowest incomes



Large decline in share of child based expenditures going to nonworkers





Source: Hoynes and Schanzenbach BPEA 2018.