

Living standards, poverty and inequality 2016

Chris Belfield Jonathan Cribb Andrew Hood Robert Joyce

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Where do we get our data?



- Family Resources Survey and predecessors from 1961 to 2014–15
 - Currently a sample of around 20,000 households
 - Subject to sampling error
- Figures using data prior to 2002–03 refer to Great Britain not UK
 - Northern Ireland not included in the data until 2002–03

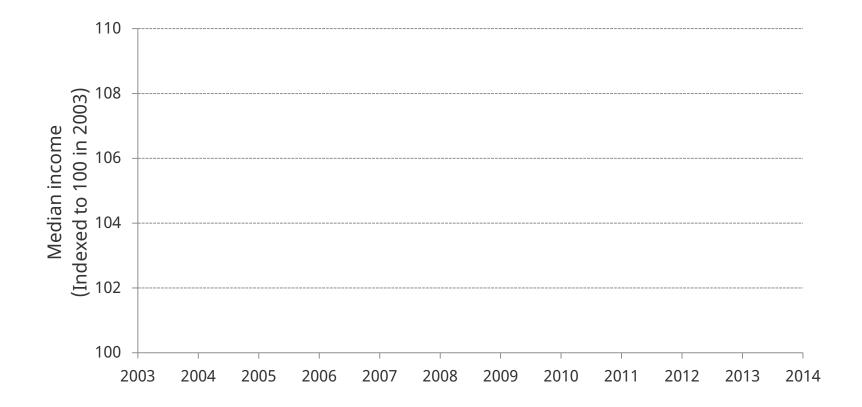
 We use the same definition of income as measured in "Households Below Average Income" (HBAI) which is produced by the Department for Work and Pensions

What do we mean by "income"?

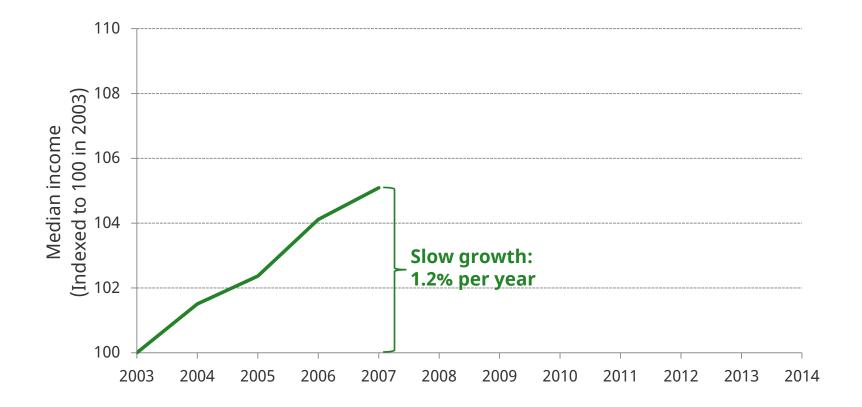


- HBAI income is measured net of direct taxes and benefits and is measured at the household level
- Adjusted to account for household size and structure ("equivalised")
- Measure income both before and after housing costs have been deducted ("BHC" and "AHC")
- Adjusted for inflation to allow comparisons over time
 - Use variants of the Consumer Price Index
 - All figures are in 2014-15 prices



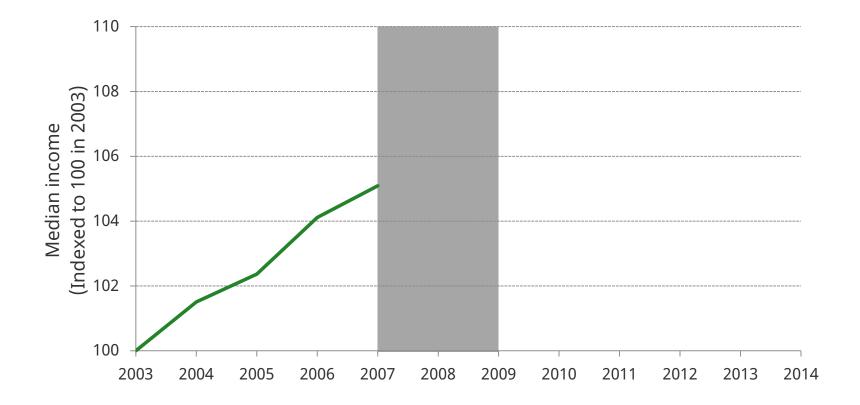




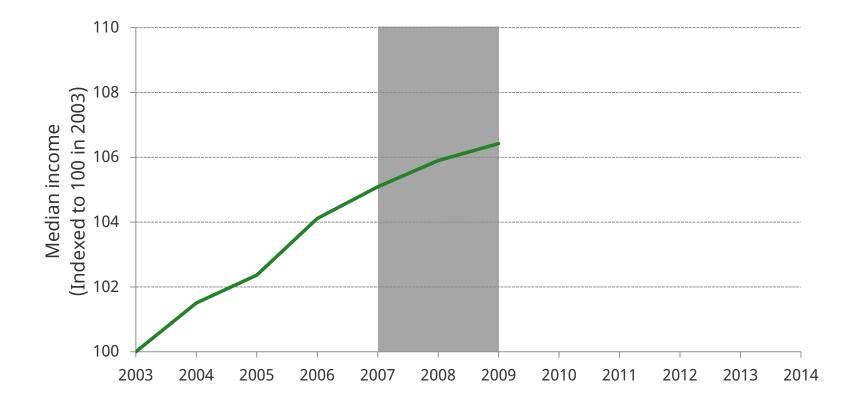


Source: Figure 2.3 of Living Standards, Poverty and Inequality: 2016







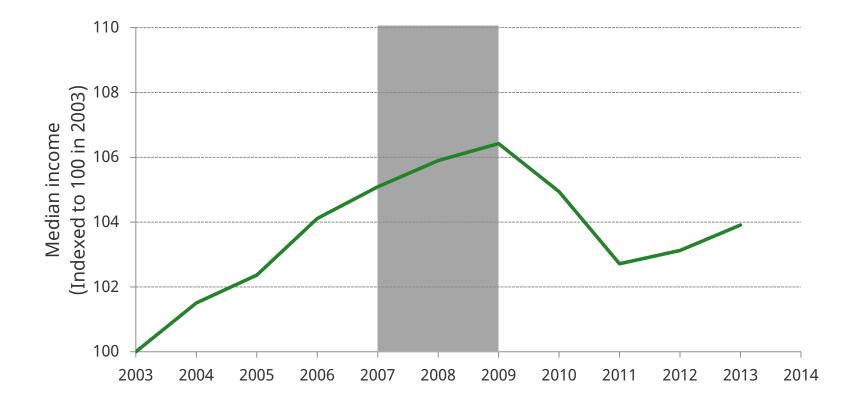




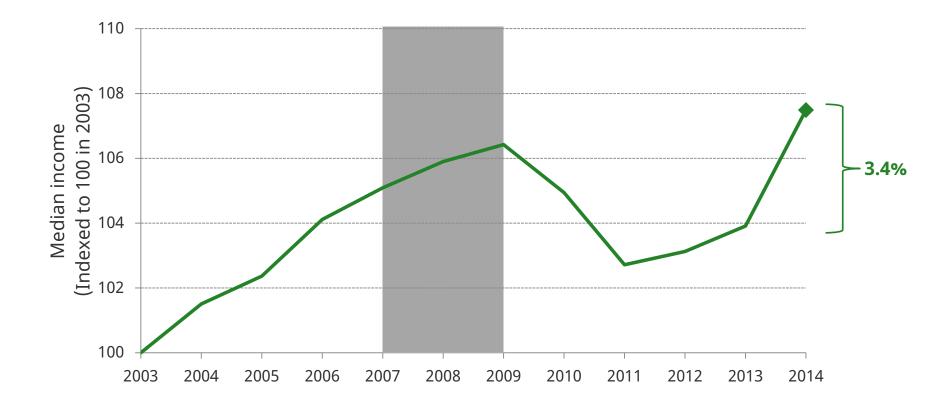


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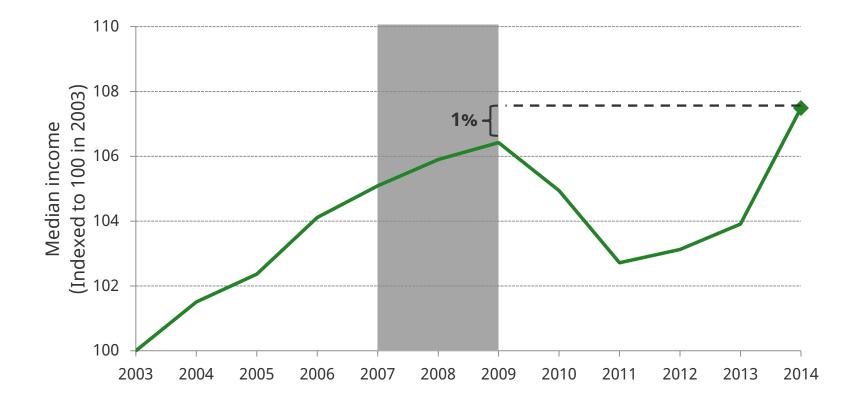




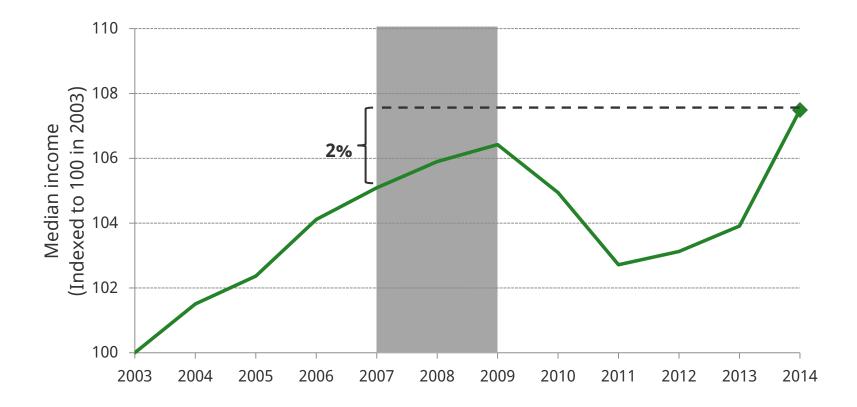


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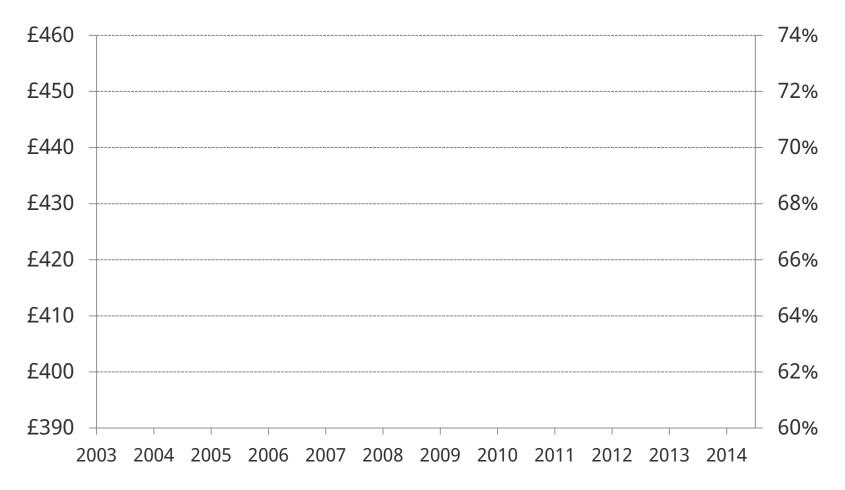




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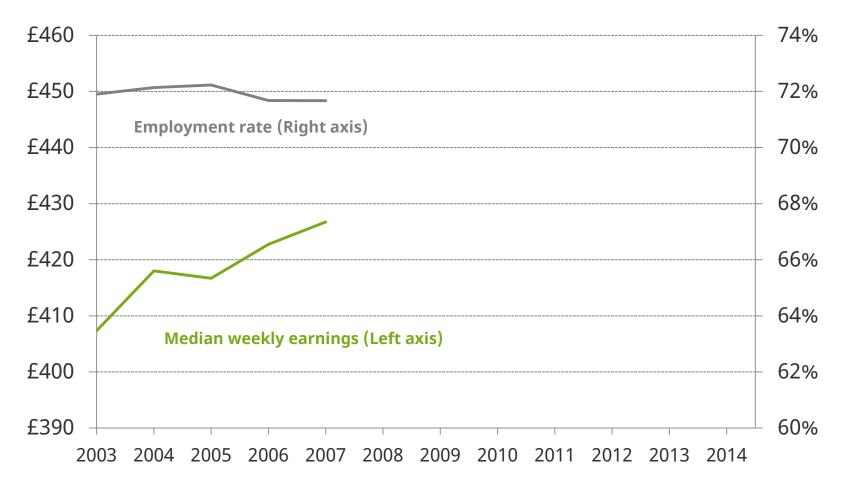
Labour market changes











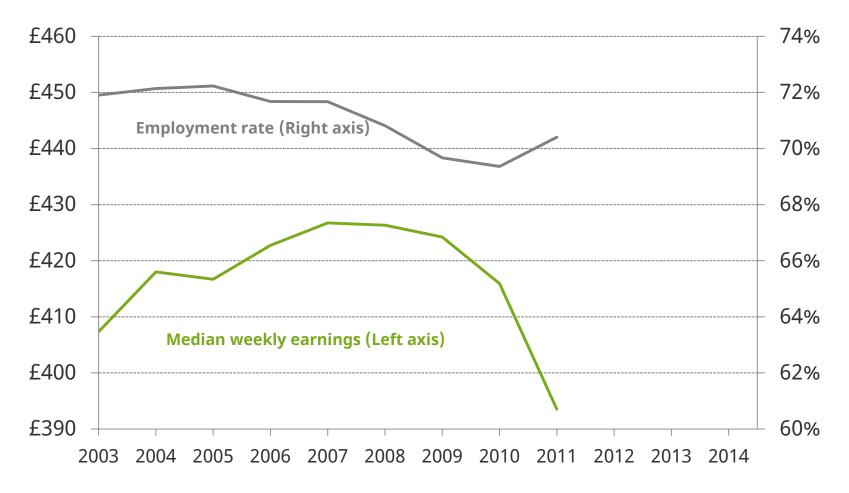












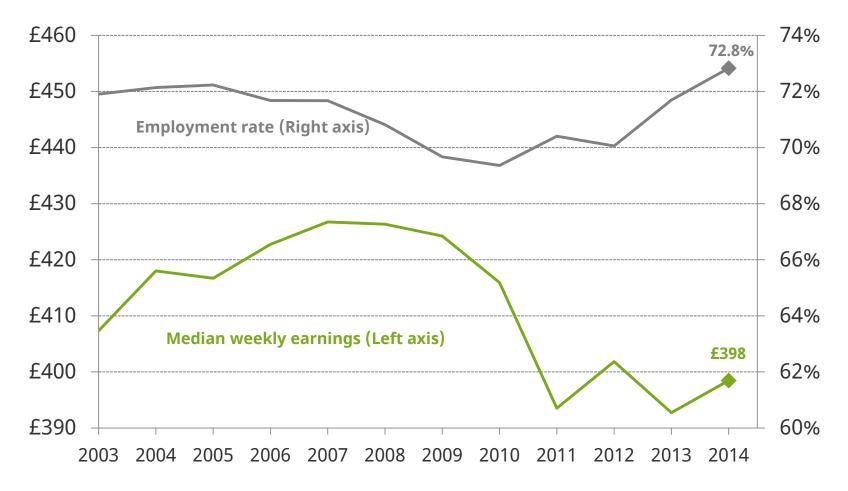




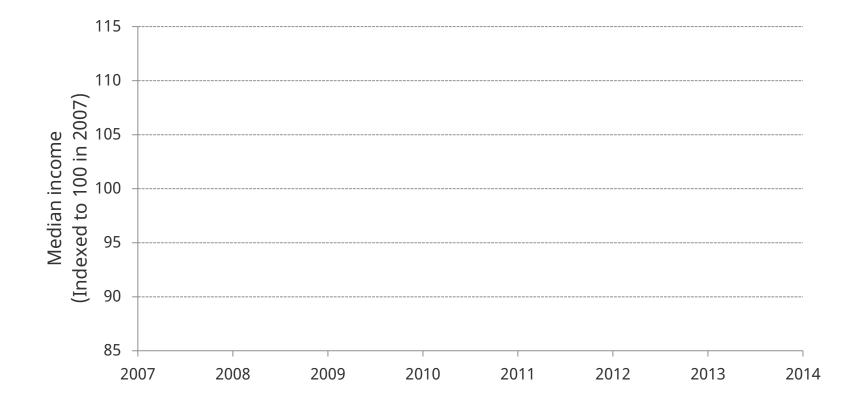






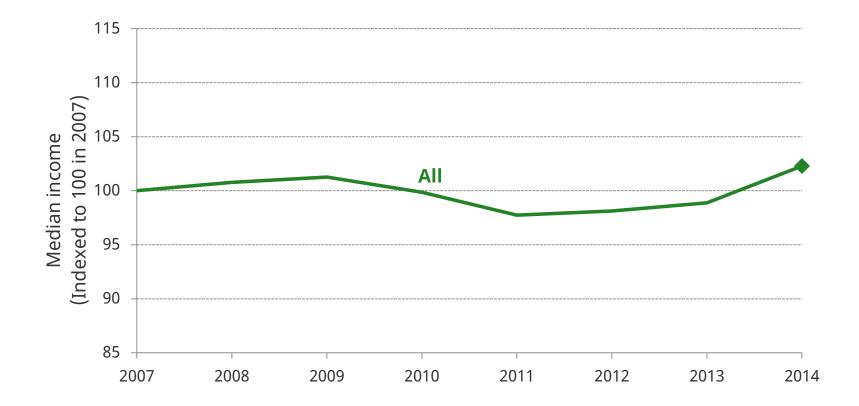






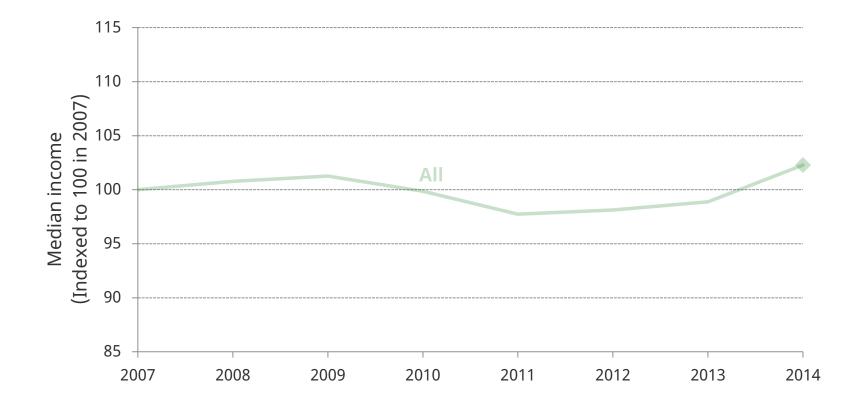
Source: Figure 2.6 of Living Standards, Poverty and Inequality: 2016



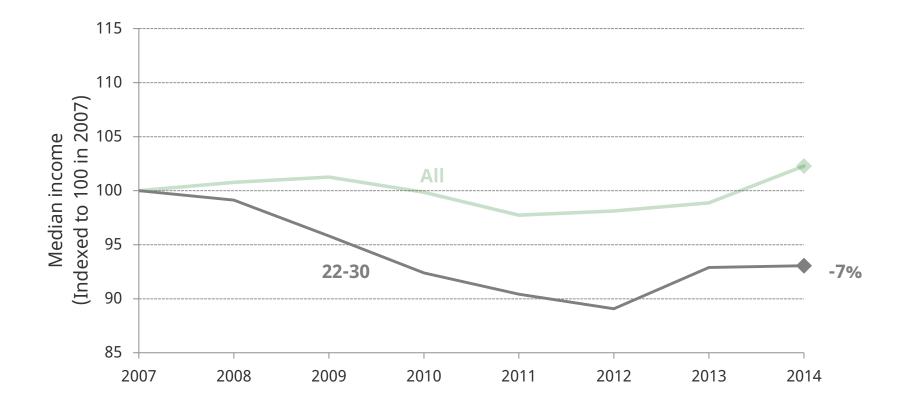


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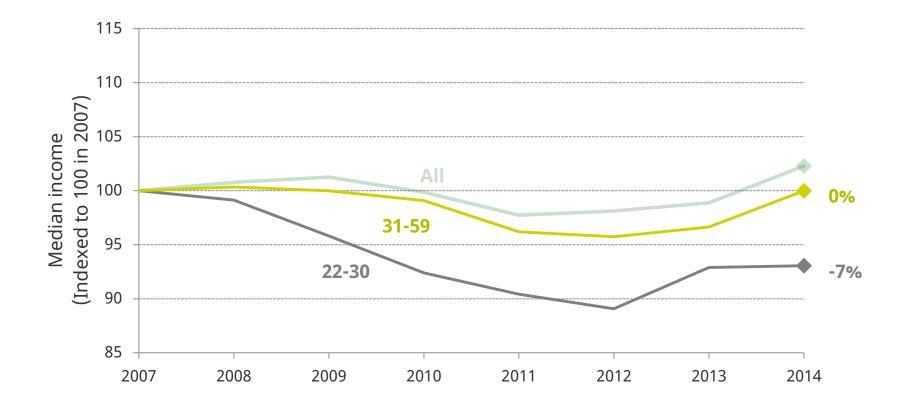




Source: Figure 2.6 of Living Standards, Poverty and Inequality: 2016







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115

110

(200 in 2007) 100 in 2007

Median income

(Indexed to

95

90

85



Source: Figure 2.6 of Living Standards, Poverty and Inequality: 2016



60+

2012

2013

All

31-59

22-30



+11%

0%

-7%



2014

Conclusion



- Median income grew by 3.4% in 2014-15 and is now higher than the pre-recession peak
- The recent rise in incomes has been driven by employment growth rather than increases in average earnings
- The incomes of young adults remain 7% below pre-recession levels
- Prospects for living standards very likely to be worse than expected prior to the Brexit vote but are highly uncertain